PLEASE NOTE

This document, prepared by the Legislative Counsel Office, is an office consolidation of this regulation, current to December 20, 2013. It is intended for information and reference purposes only.

This document is not the official version of these regulations. The regulations and the amendments printed in the Royal Gazette should be consulted to determine the authoritative text of these regulations.

For more information concerning the history of these regulations, please see the Table of Regulations.

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CHAPTER R-10.1

REGULATED HEALTH PROFESSIONS ACT

GENERAL REGULATIONS

Pursuant to section 96 of the Regulated Health Professions Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. R-10.1, Council made the following regulations:


2. The application fee to be submitted with an application under section 73 of the Act is $500. (EC829/13)

3. For the purposes of section 76 of the Act, the costs that may be charged include, but are not limited to, all disbursements incurred by the Advisory Council in the conduct of the investigation of an application, including
   (a) fees and reasonable expenses for experts or investigators whose reports or attendance were reasonably necessary for the investigation; and
   (b) long distance telephone and facsimile charges, courier delivery charges and similar miscellaneous expenses. (EC829/13)

4. If the Advisory Council conducts a single investigation for the designation of a health profession in respect of more than one application under section 73 of the Act, the costs that may be charged for the purposes of section 76 of the Act may be prorated by the Minister between or among the applicants. (EC829/13)

5. For the purpose of an investigation respecting the designation of a health profession under the Act, the Minister or the Advisory Council, as the case may be, may consider, in addition to the criteria set out in section 75 of the Act, the following:
   (a) the extent to which the health profession has demonstrated that there is a public interest in ensuring the availability of services provided by the health profession;
   (b) the extent to which the services of the health profession provide a recognized and demonstrated benefit to the health, safety or well-being of the public;
   (c) the extent to which there exists a body of knowledge that forms the basis of the standards of practice of the health profession;
(d) whether practitioners of the health profession are awarded a certificate or degree from a recognized post-secondary educational institution;
(e) whether it is important that continuing competence of a practitioner of the health profession be monitored;
(f) the extent to which there exists within the health profession recognized leadership which has expressed a commitment to regulating the health profession in the public interest;
(g) the extent to which regulation of the health profession is likely to enhance inter-professional collaboration and the labour mobility of its practitioners. (EC829/13)