

PART X - Grain Corn cont....

October 31	Final date for harvest; subsequent field losses are not covered
October 31	Final date for coverage Section 9
November 20	Final date for filing a Production Summary Section 15
November 20	Final date for filing a Proof of Loss, in writing Section 20
December 20	Final date to appeal changes to Production Summary or Proof of Loss

All criteria set up for adjusting Schedule A – Part XI, Silage Corn shall apply to grain corn when the grain corn crop is harvested as a silage corn crop.

- a. For the purpose of calculating production to count, the following conversion factors may be used: MT = metric tonnes = 2,204 pounds
- b. For grain corn stored in bins - 1 cubic foot equals .8 bushels.
- c. For grain corn sold off the farm - use the net sales weight before dockage (MT)
- d. All grain corn weights will be adjusted to the standard moisture content when wet weights are provided.
Adjusted weight = (actual weight) x (100 – actual moisture content)/ (100 – standard moisture content)
- e. Production to count for grain corn means the total production before dockage, with a moisture adjustment expressed in metric tonnes. This production will be considered production to count whether sold or fed on the farm.
- g.

Standard:	Crop	Bushel Weight	Moisture
	Grain Corn	56 lb.	15.5%

The insured must provide sales receipts for all crop sales and these receipts should include the date, net weight and moisture content. The Corporation shall consider the crop to be dry if moisture levels are not provided. If the purchaser is unable to supply the required information the Corporation must be notified immediately after harvest or on delivery of the crop and must have access to the crop so it can be measured and sampled to determine the total yield and moisture content.

It is the responsibility of the insured to establish the marketability of all harvested crops. If the insured establishes that the crop is non-marketable the Corporation must be notified and an appeal filed, before the end of the appeal period, in order for adjustments to be considered. The insured is responsible for sampling the crop and for all costs incurred to test the crop to establish the end use or marketability.